

## General Properties of Exponential Decay

## Equation:

$a=$
$b=$
$y=$
$x=$

To calculate $x$, use the equation:

## DO IT NOW!

Nuclear power plants use Uranium-239 as a power source. U-239 has a half-life of about 2 years.
a) Complete the chart for the amount of 1000 mg sample that will be left after 10 years.

| Years | \# of half-life <br> periods | Amount of U- <br> $\mathbf{2 3 9}$ remaining |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 0 | 1000 |
| 2 | 1 | 500 |
| 4 | 2 |  |
| 6 |  |  |
| 8 |  |  |
| 10 |  |  |

c) Write an equation to model this growth
b) Graph the relation

d) How much remains after 25 years?

Example 1: Plutonium-239 has a half-life of 24 years. Find the amount of a 50 mg sample left after 35 years.

If exponential decay is given as a percent use the equation:
$a=$
$r=$
$x=$

## Example 2:

You buy a new car for $\$ 24,000$. The value of the car decreases by $16 \%$ every year. How much will the car be worth in 8 years?

Example 3: An adult takes 400 mg of Advil. Each hour, the amount of Advil in the adult's system decreases by about 29\%. How much Advil will be left after 4 hours?

Example 4: U-239 has a half-life of about 2 years. If you start with a 1000 mg sample, how long will it take to decay to 10 mg ?

