

## 5.3 Transformations of Sine and Cosine Worksheet #1

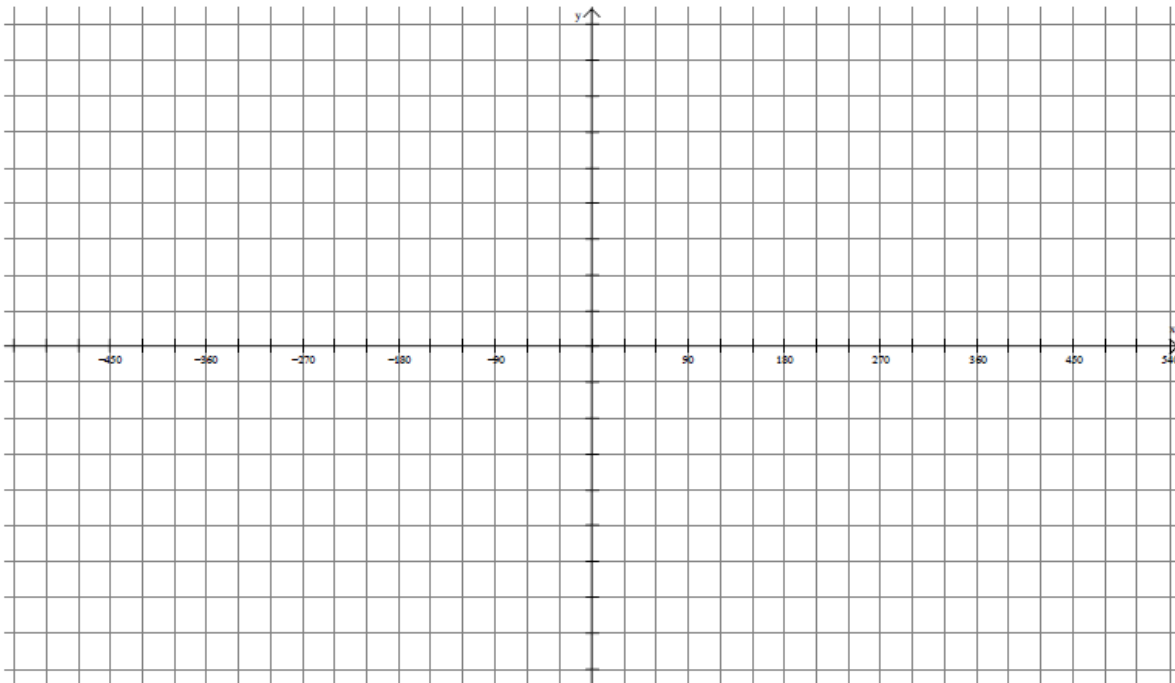
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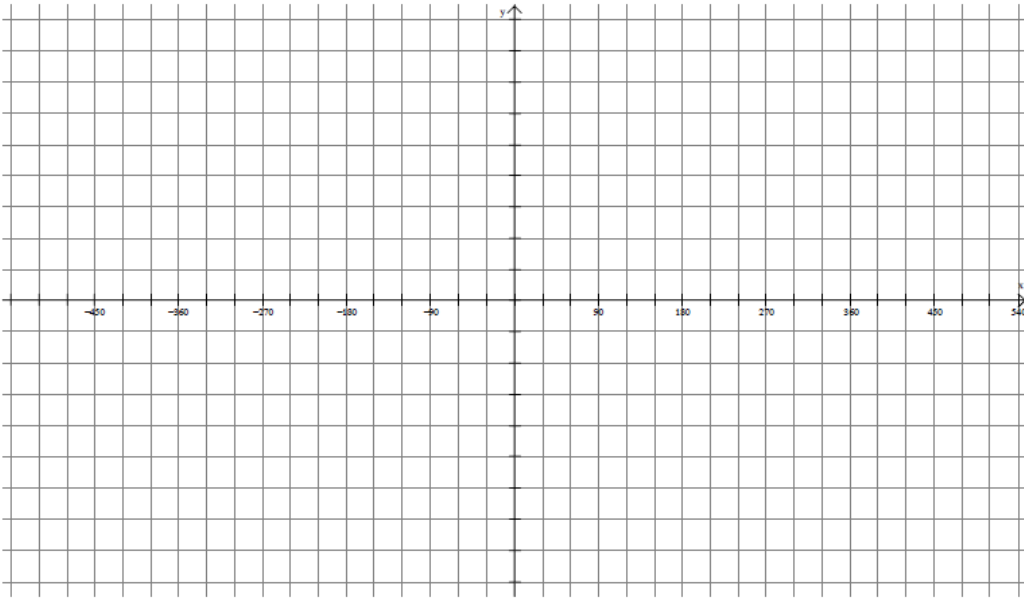
**Instructions:** For each of the following start with two cycles of the parent graph (-360 to 360). Transform key points to produce the new graph.

**1)** Using transformations, graph two cycles of the following trigonometric functions. State the period, phase shift, amplitude, and vertical displacement.

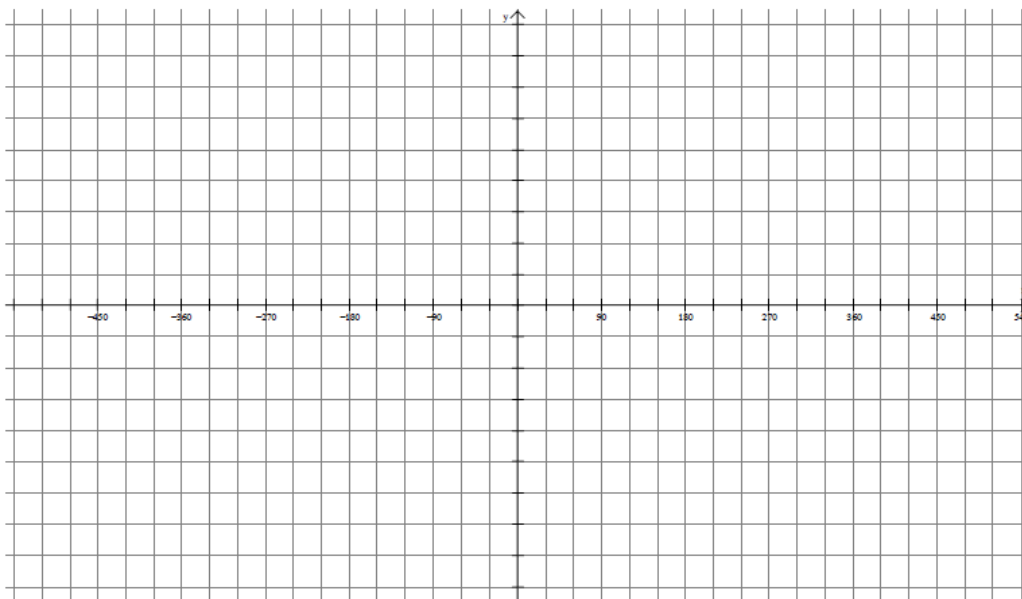
**a)**  $y = 4 \cos(\theta + 180^\circ) + 2$



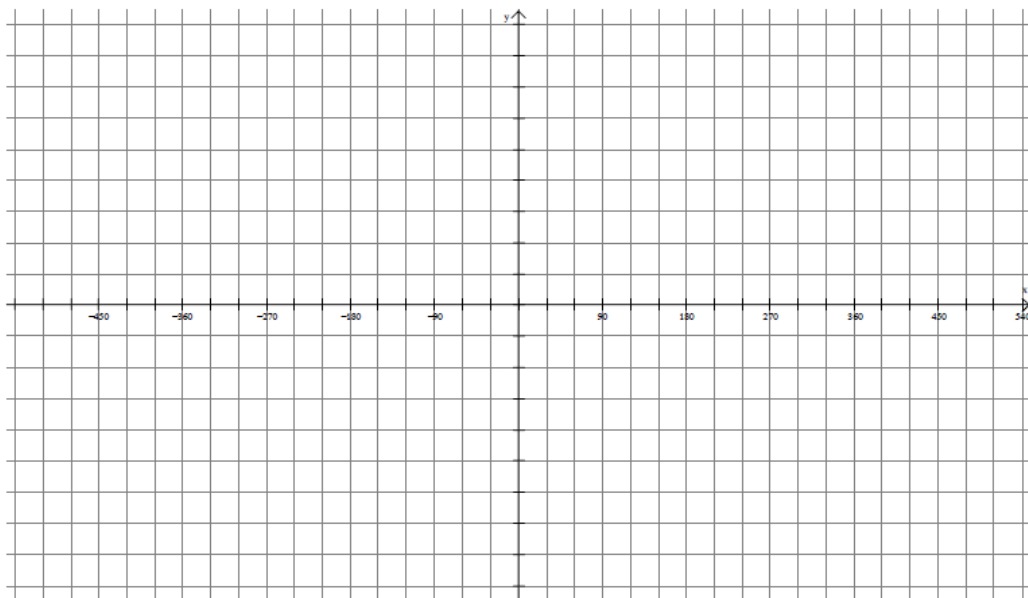
**b)**  $y = \sin[2(\theta + 30^\circ)] + 3$



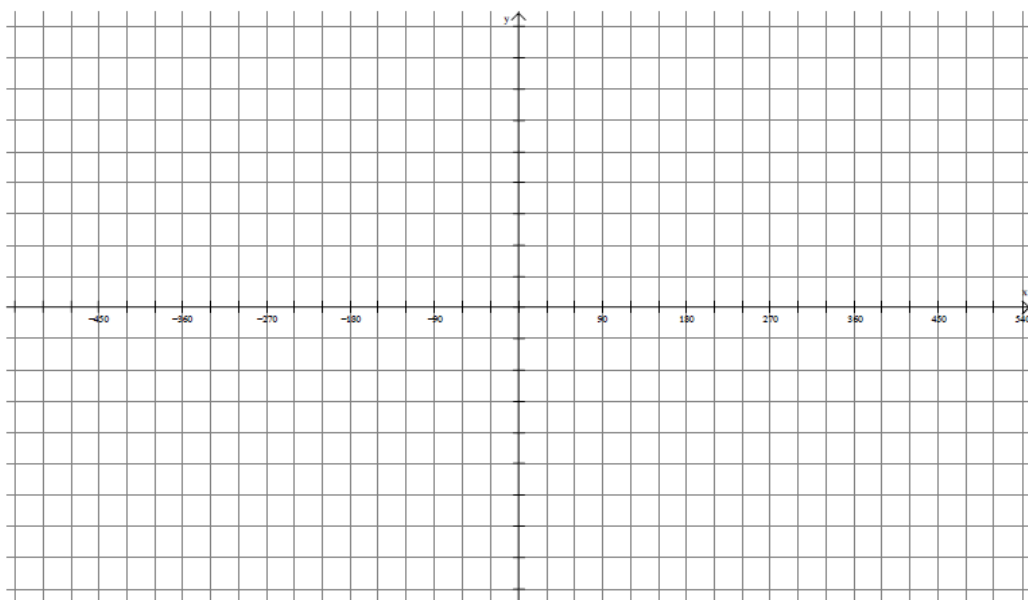
**c)**  $y = 2\sin[3(\theta - 180^\circ)]$



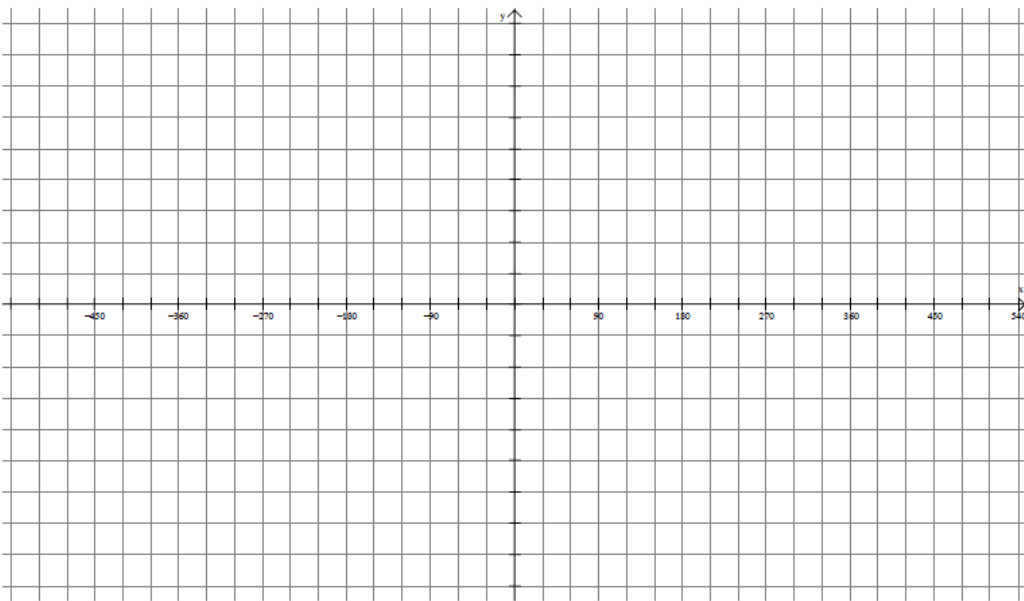
d)  $y = -3\cos(2\theta) + 4$



e)  $y = \frac{1}{2}\sin(\theta + 45^\circ) - 3$



f)  $y = 3\cos[2(\theta - 60^\circ)] + 4$



**Answers**

<p>1a)</p>	<p>b)</p>
<p>c)</p>	<p>d)</p>
<p>e)</p>	<p>f)</p>

**a)** period =  $360^\circ$   
phase shift = left  $180^\circ$   
amplitude = 4  
vertical shift = up 2

**b)** period =  $180^\circ$   
phase shift = left  $30^\circ$   
amplitude = 1  
vertical shift = up 3

**c)** period =  $120^\circ$   
phase shift = right  $180^\circ$   
amplitude = 2  
vertical shift = none

**d)** period =  $180^\circ$   
phase shift = none  
amplitude = 3  
vertical shift = up 4

**e)** period =  $360^\circ$   
phase shift = left  $45^\circ$   
amplitude =  $\frac{1}{2}$   
vertical shift = down 3

**f)** period =  $180^\circ$   
phase shift = right  $60^\circ$   
amplitude = 3  
vertical shift = up 4