# Chapter 5- Trig Functions 

## Workbook

MCR3U


## Chapter 5 Workbook Checklist

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| 5.5/5.6 Applications of Sine and Cosine Worksheet \#1 |  |

## W1-5.1 Modeling Periodic Behaviour

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1) Classify each graph as periodic or not periodic.
a)

b)

c)

d)

2) Determine the amplitude and period for any graph in question 1 that is periodic.
3) A periodic function $f(x)$ has a period of 8 . The values of $f(1), f(5)$, and $f(7)$ are $-3,2$, and 8 , respectively. Predict the value of each of the following. If a prediction is not possible, explain why not.
a) $f(9)$
b) $f(29)$
c) $f(63)$
d) $f(40)$
4) The people mover at an airport shuttles between the main terminal and a satellite terminal 300 meters away. A one-way trip, moving at a constant speed, takes 1 minute, and the car remain at each terminal for 30 seconds before leaving.
a) Sketch a graph to represent the distance of the car from the main terminal with respect to time. Include four complete cycles.

b) What is the period of the motion?
c) What is the amplitude of the motion?
5) While visiting the east coast of Canada, Ranouf notices that the water level at a town dock changes during the day as the tides come in and go out. Markings on one of the piles supporting the dock show a high tide of 3.3 meters at 6:30 a.m., a low tide of 0.7 meters at 12:40 p.m., and a high tide again at 6:50 p.m.
a) Estimate the period of the fluctuation of the water level at the town dock.
b) Estimate the amplitude of the pattern
c) Predict when the next low tide will occur

## Answers

1) a) periodic b) not periodic c) periodic d) periodic
2) a) The period is 5 units. The amplitude is 1.5 units.
c) The period is 6 units. The amplitude is 1 unit.
d) The period of the graph is 3.5 units. The amplitude is 0.75 units.
3) a) $f(9)=f(1+8)=-3$
b) $f(29)=f(5+3 \times 8)=2$
c) $f(63)=f(7+7 \times 8)=8$
d) No prediction possible. $x=40-8 n$; There are no integer values of $n$ that make $x=1,5$, or 7 .
4) a)

b) 3 minutes $\quad$ c) 150 meters
5) a) 12 h and 20 min b) 1.3 meters $\quad$ c) 1:00 a.m.

## W2 - Graphing Sine and Cosine Functions

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1) Graph the function $y=\sin x$ using key points between $0^{\circ}$ and $360^{\circ}$.

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | $\boldsymbol{y}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


2) Graph the function $y=\cos x$ using key points between $0^{\circ}$ and $360^{\circ}$.

| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | $\boldsymbol{y}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


3) Determine the phase shift and the vertical shift of $y=\sin x$.
a) $y=\sin \left(x-50^{\circ}\right)+3$
b) $y=2 \sin \left(x+45^{\circ}\right)-1$
4) Determine the phase shift and the vertical shift of $\mathrm{y}=\cos \mathrm{x}$.
a) $y=-9 \cos \left(x+120^{\circ}\right)-5$
b) $y=12 \cos \left[5\left(x-150^{\circ}\right)\right]+7$
5) Determine the amplitude, the period, phase shift, vertical shift, maximum and minimum for each of the following.
a) $y=5 \sin \left[4\left(x+60^{\circ}\right)\right]-2$
b) $y=2 \cos \left[2\left(x+150^{\circ}\right)\right]-5$
c) $y=\frac{1}{2} \sin \left[\frac{1}{2}\left(x-60^{\circ}\right)\right]+1$
d) $y=0.8 \cos \left[3.6\left(x-40^{\circ}\right)\right]-0.4$

## Answers


2)

3) a) phase shift: right $50^{\circ}$ vertical shift: up 3 units
4) a) phase shift: left $120^{\circ}$ vertical shift: down 5 units
b) phase shift: left $45^{\circ}$ vertical shift: down one unit
b) phase shift: right $150^{\circ}$ vertical shift: up 7 units
5) a) amplitude: 5 vertical shift: down 2 units
max: 3
period: $180^{\circ}$
max: -3
phase shift: left $150^{\circ}$ min: -7
c) amplitude: $\frac{1}{2} \quad$ period: $720^{\circ}$ vertical shift: up 1 unit
max: 1.5
d) amplitude: 0.8 period: $100^{\circ}$ vertical shift: down 0.4 units max: 0.4
phase shift: right $60^{\circ}$ $\min : 0.5$ phase shift: right $40^{\circ}$

$$
\text { phase shitt: right } 40
$$ vertical shift. down 0.4 units max: 0.4

$\min :-1.2$

## W3-5.3 Transformations of Sine and Cosine

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Instructions: For each of the following start with two cycles of the parent graph (-360 to 360). Transform key points to produce the new graph.

1) Using transformations, graph two cycles of the following trigonometric functions. State the period, phase shift, amplitude, and vertical displacement.
a) $y=4 \cos \left(\theta+180^{\circ}\right)+2$

b) $y=\sin \left[2\left(\theta+30^{\circ}\right)\right]+3$

c) $y=2 \sin \left[3\left(\theta-180^{\circ}\right)\right]$

d) $y=-3 \cos (2 \theta)+4$

e) $y=\frac{1}{2} \sin \left(\theta+45^{0}\right)-3$

f) $y=3 \cos \left[2\left(\theta-60^{\circ}\right)\right]+4$


## Answers


a) period= $360^{\circ}$ phase shift $=$ left $180^{\circ}$
amplitude $=4$
vertical shift $=u p 2$
b) period $=180^{\circ}$
phase shift $=$ left $30^{\circ}$
amplitude $=1$
vertical shift $=$ up 3
c) period $=120^{\circ}$
phase shift $=$ right $180^{\circ}$
amplitude $=2$
vertical shift $=$ none
d) period $=180^{\circ}$ phase shift $=$ none amplitude $=3$ vertical shift $=$ up 4
e) period $=360^{\circ}$
phase shift $=$ left $45^{\circ}$
amplitude $=\frac{1}{2}$
vertical shift = down 3
f) period $=180^{\circ}$
phase shift $=$ right $60^{\circ}$
amplitude $=3$
vertical shift $=$ up 4

## W4-5.3 Transformations of Sine and Cosine

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1) A sinusoidal function has an amplitude of 5 units, a period of $120^{\circ}$, and a maximum at ( 0,3 ).
a) Represent the function with an equation using a sine function
b) Represent the function with an equation using a cosine function
2) A sinusoidal function has an amplitude of $\frac{1}{2}$ units, a period of $720^{\circ}$, and a maximum at $\left(0, \frac{3}{2}\right)$.
a) Represent the function with an equation using a sine function
b) Represent the function with an equation using a cosine function
3) Determine the equation of a cosine function that represents the graph shown.

4) The relationship between the stress on the shaft of an electric motor and time can be modelled with a sinusoidal function. Determine an equation of a function that describes stress in terms of time.

## Stress on a Motor Shaft


5) Determine the equation of the sine function shown.

6) Represent the graph of the following functions using a sine and cosine function.


## Answers

1) a) $y=5 \sin \left[3\left(x+30^{\circ}\right)\right]-2$
b) $y=5 \cos 3 x-2$
2) a) $y=\frac{1}{2} \sin \left[\frac{1}{2}\left(x+180^{\circ}\right)\right]+1 \quad$ b) $y=\frac{1}{2} \cos \frac{1}{2} x+1$
3) $y=\cos \left[4\left(x-82.5^{\circ}\right)\right]+2$
4) $y=3 \sin (9000 x)+8 \quad$ OR $\quad y=3 \cos [9000(x-0.01)]+8$
5) a) $y=2 \sin \left[6\left(x-15^{\circ}\right)\right]+1$
6) $y=4 \cos 2 x$ and $y=4 \sin \left[2\left(x+45^{\circ}\right)\right]$.

W5-5.5/5.6 Applications of Sine and Cosine Functions
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1) At a maximum height of 135 m , the Millennium Wheel, in London, England, is the largest cantilevered structure in the world. It moves so slowly that there is usually no need to stop the wheel to let people on or off. Let the origin be the center of the wheel.
a) Start a sketch of the vertical displacement from the center of the wheel of a car on the wheel as a function of the angle through which the wheel rotates, using the bottom of the wheel as the starting point of the trip. Sketch two cycles.

b) Determine the amplitude and period of the function.
2) a) Repeat question 1, except this time graph horizontal displacement instead of vertical displacement.

b) Determine the amplitude and period of the function.
3) The hour hand on a clock has a length of 12 cm .
a) Sketch the graph of the vertical position of the tip of the hour hand from the center of the clock versus the angle through which the hand turns for a time period of 72 h . Assume that the hour hand starts at 9 .

b) Sketch the graph of the horizontal position of the tip of the hour hand versus the angle through which the hand turns for a time period of 72 h . Assume that the hour hand starts at 3 .

c) How many cycles appear in the graph in part a) and b)?
4) A Ferris wheel has a diameter of 20 m and is 4 m above ground level at its lowest point. Assume that a rider enters a car from a platform that is located $30^{\circ}$ around the rim before the car reaches its lowest point.
a) Model the rider's height above the ground versus angle using a transformed sine function
b) Model the rider's height above the ground versus angle using a transformed cosine function.
c) Suppose that the platform is moved to $60^{\circ}$ around the rim from the lowest position of the car. How will the equations in parts $a$ ) and $b$ ) change? Write the new equations.
5) Suppose that the center of the Ferris wheel in the previous question is moved upward 2 m , but the platform is left in place at a point $30^{\circ}$ before the car reaches its lowest point. How do the equations in parts a) and b) change? Write the new equations.

## Answers


c) The graphs in part a) and b) both show 6 full cycles because there are six 12-h periods in 72 h .
4) a) The amplitude is 10 m and the midline is at 14 m . If the rider begins her ride $30^{\circ}$ before the minimum, then she will reach the rising midline point after a rotation of $120^{\circ}$ for a phase shift of $120^{\circ}$ to the right. The period is $360^{\circ}$. An equation that models the rider's height versus the rotation angle is
$y=10 \sin \left(x-120^{\circ}\right)+14$.
b) For a cosine function, the rider must rotate $210^{\circ}$ to reach the first maximum point. This requires a phase shift of $210^{\circ}$ to the right. The other parameters remain the same. An equation that models the rider's height versus the rotation angle is $y=10 \cos \left(x-210^{\circ}\right)+$ 14.
c) If the initial position is placed $30^{\circ}$ sooner, then the phase shift of both curves must increase by $30^{\circ}$. A new sine equation that models the rider's height versus the rotation angle is $y=10 \sin \left(x-150^{\circ}\right)+14$. A new cosine equation that models the rider's height versus the rotation angle is $y=10 \cos \left(x-240^{\circ}\right)+14$.
5) If the centre of the Ferris wheel is raised by 2 m , then the vertical shift also increase by 2 from 14 to 16 . The relative position of the platform does not change, so the phase shift is not affected.
a) A new sine equation that models the rider's height versus the rotation angle is $y=10 \sin \left(x-120^{\circ}\right)+16$.
b) A new cosine equation that models the rider's height versus the rotation angle is $y=10 \cos \left(x-210^{\circ}\right)+16$.

W6-5.5/5.6 Application of Sine and Cosine Functions
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1) A motion sensor recorded the motion of a child on a swing. The data was graphed, as shown.

a) Find the max and min values.
b) Find amplitude
c) Determine the vertical shift of the function.
d) Find the period of the function
e) Determine the phase shift, if the motion were to be modelled using a sine function.
2) The height of the blade of a wind turbine as it turns through an angle of $\theta$ is given by the function $h(\theta)=8.5 \sin (\theta+$ $\left.180^{\circ}\right)+40$, with height measured in metres.
a) Find the maximum and minimum positions of the blade.
b) Explain what the value of 40 in the equation represents.
c) Explain what the value of the amplitude represents.
d) Sketch the function over two cycles.

3) The height, $h$, in meters, of the tide in a given location on a given day at $t$ hours after midnight can be modeled using the sinusoidal function $h(t)=5 \sin [30(t-5)]+7$.
a) Find the max and min values for the depth of water.
b) What time is high tide? What time is low tide?
c) What is the depth of the water at 9:00 am?
d) Find all the times during a 24 -h period when the depth of the water is 3 meters.
4) The population, $P$, of a lakeside town with a large number of seasonal residents can be modeled using the function $P(t)=5000 \sin [30(t-7)]+8000$, where $t$ is the number of months after New Year's Day.
a) Find the max and min values for the population over a whole year.
b) When is the population a maximum? When is it a minimum?
c) What is the population on September $30^{\text {th }}$ ?
5) The population of prey in a predator-prey relation is shown. Time is in years since 1985.
a) Determine the max and $\min$ values of the population, to the nearest 50 . Use these to find the amplitude.
b) Determine the vertical shift, $c$.
c) Determine the phase shift, $d$.

d) Determine the period. Use the period to determine the value of $k$.
e) Model the population versus time with a sinusoidal function.
6) The number of millions of visitors that a tourist attraction gets can be modeled using the equation $y=$ $2.3 \sin [30(x+1)]+4.1$, where $x=1$ represents January, $x=2$ represents February, and so on.
a) Determine the period of the function and explain its meaning.
b) Graph the function for 12 months.

c) Which month has the most visitors?
d) Which month has the least visitors?

## Answers

1) a) maximum 2.25 , minimum 0.25
b) amplitude 1
c) vertical shift up 1.25
d) period 5
e) horizontal shift 1.75 to the right
2) a) maximum 48.5 , minimum 31.5
b) The height of the center of the turbine
c) The amplitude of 8.5 represents the length of the blade.
d)

3) a) From the equation, $c=7$ and $a=5$, so the function has a midline value of 7 and an amplitude of 5 . The maximum height is 12 m and the minimum height is 2 m .
b) From the equation, $k=30$ and $d=5$, so the period is 12 h and the phase shift is 5 h right. The first midline value occurs at 5:00 a.m. The first maximum occurs one-quarter period, or 3 h after this, at 8:00 a.m. The previous minimum is 3 h prior to 5:00 a.m., at 2:00 a.m. Because of the $12-\mathrm{h}$ period, there will also be maximum at 8:00 p.m. and a minimum at 2:00 p.m.
c) 11.3 m
d) The solution gives a time of approximately 3:14 a.m. This time is 1 h 14 min after the first minimum so the depth should also occur 1 h 14 min before 2:00 a.m, at 12:46 a.m. Because of the $12-\mathrm{h}$ period, the depth will also occur at 12:46 p.m. and 3:14 p.m.
4) a) From the equation, $c=8000$ and $a=5000$, so the function has a midline value of 8000 and an amplitude of 5000 . The maximum population is 13000 and the minimum population is 3000 .
b) From the equation, $k=30$ and $d=7$, so the period is 12 months and the phase shift is 7 months right. The initial midline value occurs at $t=7$. The maximum occurs 3 months later at $t=10$ (October) and the minimum 3 months earlier at $t=4$ (April).
c) 12330
5) a) From the graph the maximum population is approximately 850 animals and the minimum population is approximately 250 animals. The amplitude is approximately 300 animals, so $a=300$.
b) The vertical shift is the maximum value minus the amplitude, so $c=550$.
c) The midline intersects the graph at $t=0$ so no horizontal shift is necessary, so $d=0$.
d) The pattern repeats every 6 years, so the period is 6 years. $k=60$.
e) A sine function that models the population of prey, $N$, with respect to time, $t$, is $N=300 \sin 60 t+550$.
6) a) 12 months
c) February
d) August
b)

