

**W2 – Median, Right Bisector, Altitude**

Unit 2

MPM2D

Jensen

1)  $\triangle ABC$  has vertices  $A(3,4)$ ,  $B(-5,2)$ , and  $C(1, -4)$ . Determine an equation for

a) the median from C to AB

$$\text{mid}_{AB} = \left( \frac{3+(-5)}{2}, \frac{4+2}{2} \right) = (-1, 3)$$

$$\text{slope of median} = \frac{3-(-4)}{-1-1} = \frac{7}{-2} = -\frac{7}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{y-int}_{CD}: y &= mx+b \\ -4 &= \left(-\frac{7}{2}\right)(1) + b \\ -\frac{8}{2} + \frac{7}{2} &= b \\ -\frac{1}{2} &= b \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Eq}^n \text{ of median: } y = -\frac{7}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}$$

b) the altitude from A to BC

$$\text{slope BC} = \frac{-4-2}{1-(-5)} = \frac{-6}{6} = -1$$

$$\text{slope of altitude} = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{y-int of altitude:} \\ y &= mx+b \\ 4 &= 1(3) + b \\ b &= 4-3 \\ b &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Eq}^n \text{ of altitude: } y = x + 1$$

c) the right bisector of AC

$$\text{mid}_{AC} = \left( \frac{3+1}{2}, \frac{4+(-4)}{2} \right) = (2, 0)$$

$$\text{slope}_{AC} = \frac{-4-4}{1-3} = 4$$

$$\text{slope of right bisector} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{y-int of right bisector:} \\ y &= mx+b \\ 0 &= \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right)(2) + b \\ 0 &= -\frac{1}{2} + b \\ b &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Eq}^n \text{ of right bisector: } y = -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{2}$$

2) Draw  $\triangle JKL$  with vertices  $J(-6, 4)$ ,  $K(-4, -5)$ , and  $L(6, 1)$ .

a) Draw the median from vertex J. Then, find an equation in slope y-intercept form for this median.

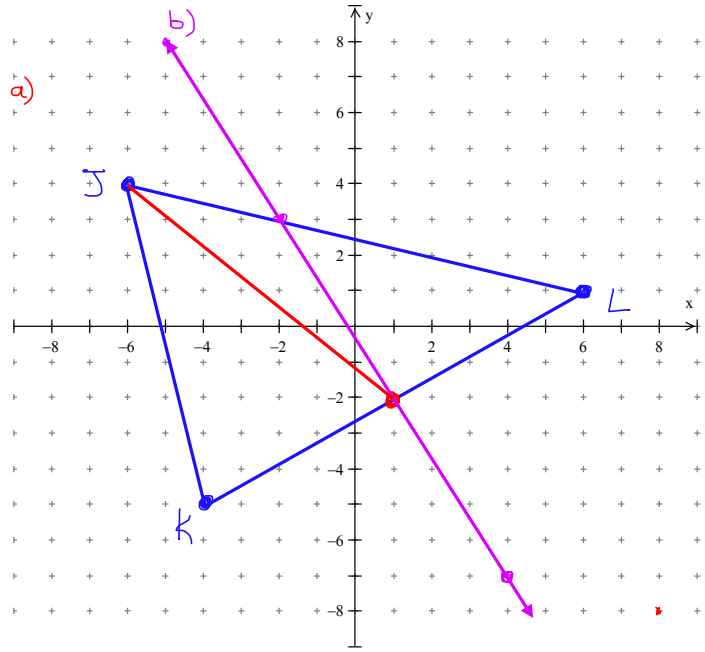
$$\text{mid}_{KL} = \left( \frac{-4+6}{2}, \frac{-5+1}{2} \right) = (1, -2)$$

$$\text{slope of median} = \frac{-2-4}{1-(-6)} = \frac{-6}{7}$$

y-int of median:

$$\begin{aligned} y &= mx + b \\ -2 &= \left(-\frac{6}{7}\right)(1) + b \\ -\frac{14}{7} + \frac{6}{7} &= b \\ b &= -\frac{8}{7} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Eq}^n: \\ y &= -\frac{6}{7}x - \frac{8}{7} \end{aligned}$$



b) Draw the right bisector of KL. Then, find an equation in slope y-intercept form for this right bisector.

$$\text{slope}_{KL} = \frac{1-(-5)}{6-(-4)} = \frac{6}{10} = \frac{3}{5}$$

y-int of right bisector:

$$\text{slope of right bisector} = -\frac{5}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= mx + b \\ -2 &= \left(-\frac{5}{3}\right)(1) + b \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{mid}_{KL} = (1, -2)$$

$$-\frac{6}{3} + \frac{5}{3} = b$$

$$b = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Eq}^n: \\ y &= -\frac{5}{3}x - \frac{1}{3} \end{aligned}$$

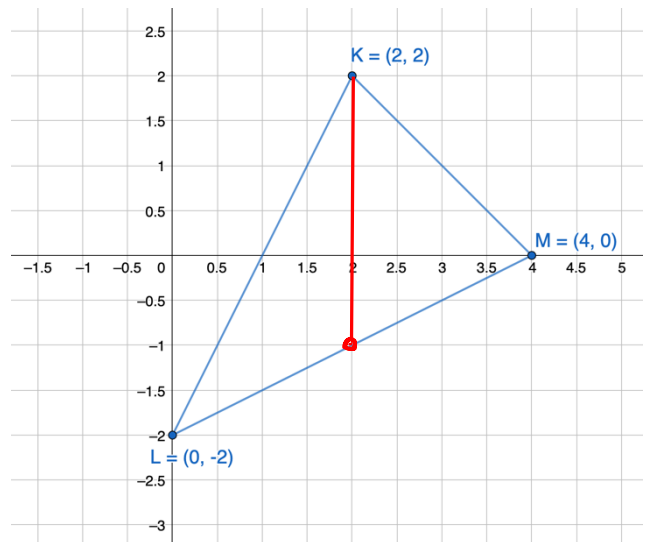
3)  $\triangle KLM$  has vertices  $K(2, 2)$ ,  $L(0, -2)$ , and  $M(4, 0)$ . Draw and determine the equation of...

a) the median from vertex K

$$\text{mid}_{LM} = \left( \frac{0+4}{2}, \frac{-2+0}{2} \right) = (2, -1)$$

$$\text{slope of median} = \frac{-1-2}{2-2} = \text{undefined}$$

$$\text{Eq}^n \text{ of median: } x = 2$$



b) the right bisector of  $KL$

$$\text{mid}_{KL} = \left( \frac{2+0}{2}, \frac{2+(-2)}{2} \right) = (1, 0)$$

$$\text{slope}_{KL} = \frac{-2-2}{0-2} = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2$$

$$\text{slope of right bisector} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

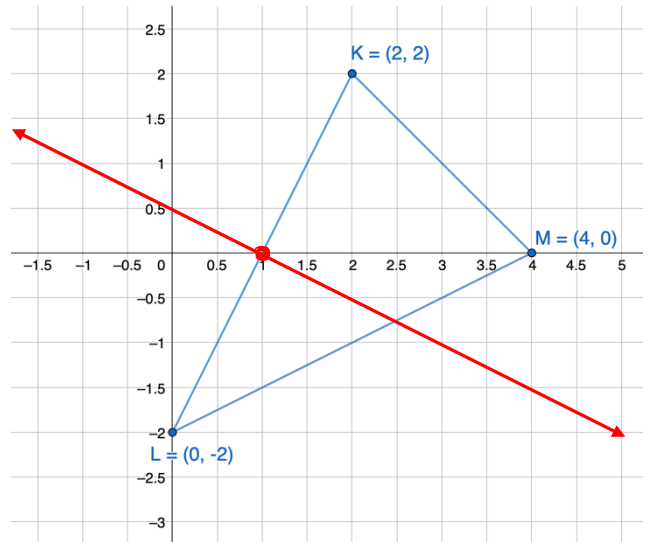
y-int of right bisector:

$$y = mx + b$$

$$0 = \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)(1) + b$$

$$b = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{Eq}^n: y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}$$



c) The altitude from vertex  $K$

$$\text{slope}_{LM} = \frac{0 - (-2)}{4 - 0} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{slope of altitude} = -2$$

y-int of altitude:

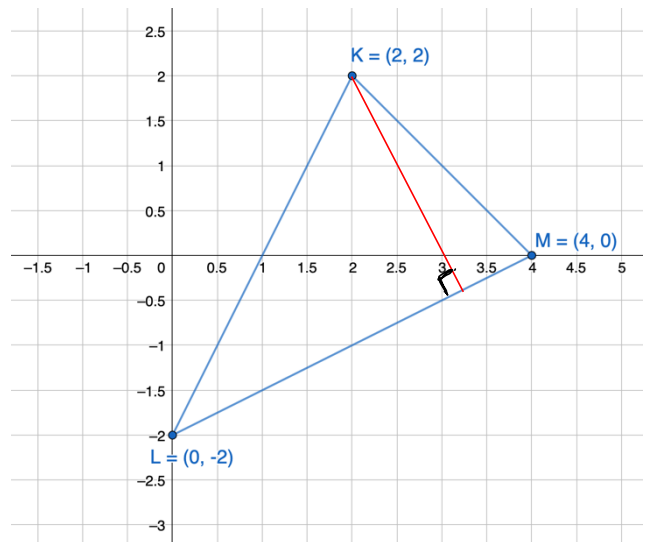
$$y = mx + b$$

$$2 = -2(2) + b$$

$$2 = -4 + b$$

$$b = 6$$

$$\text{Eq}^n: y = -2x + 6$$



4) A triangle has vertices  $A(-4, 2)$ ,  $B(-2, -6)$ , and  $C(6, -2)$ .

a) Determine the length of the median from vertex  $A$ .

$$\text{mid}_{BC} = \left( \frac{-2+6}{2}, \frac{-6+(-2)}{2} \right) = (2, -4)$$

$$\text{length from } (-4, 2) \text{ to } (2, -4) = \sqrt{[2 - (-4)]^2 + (-4 - 2)^2} = \sqrt{72} = \sqrt{36} \times \sqrt{2} = 6\sqrt{2}$$

b) Determine an equation in the form  $y = mx + b$  for the median from vertex  $A$ .

$$\text{slope from } (-4, 2) \text{ to } (2, -4) = \frac{-4-2}{2-(-4)} = \frac{-6}{6} = -1$$

y-int of median:

$$y = mx + b$$

$$2 = -1(-4) + b$$

$$2 = 4 + b$$

$$b = -2$$

$$\text{Eq}^n: y = -x - 2$$

5) Determine an equation for the right bisector of the line segment with endpoints D(-3, 5) and M(7, -9).

$$\text{mid}_{DM} = \left( \frac{-3+7}{2}, \frac{5+(-9)}{2} \right) = (2, -2)$$

$$\text{slope}_{DM} = \frac{-9-5}{7-(-3)} = \frac{-14}{10} = \frac{-7}{5}$$

$$\text{slope of right bisector} = \frac{5}{7}$$

y-int of right bisector:

$$y = mx + b$$

$$-2 = \left(\frac{5}{7}\right)(2) + b$$

$$-\frac{14}{7} - \frac{10}{7} = b$$

$$b = -\frac{24}{7}$$

$$\text{Eq}^n: y = \frac{5}{7}x - \frac{24}{7}$$

### Answers

1) a)  $y = -\frac{7}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}$  b)  $y = x + 1$  c)  $y = -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{2}$

2) a)  $y = -\frac{6}{7}x - \frac{8}{7}$  b)  $y = -\frac{5}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}$

3) a)  $x = 2$  b)  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}$  c)  $y = -2x + 6$

4) a)  $\sqrt{72} = 6\sqrt{2}$  b)  $y = -x - 2$

5)  $y = \frac{5}{7}x - \frac{24}{7}$