

W5 – 1.3 – Symmetry in Polynomial Functions

MHF4U

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ANSWERS

1) Determine whether each function is even, odd, or neither. Does it have line symmetry about the y -axis, point symmetry about the origin, or neither?

a) $y = x^4 - x^2$

Even

Line symmetry
about y -axis

b) $y = -2x^3 + 5x$

Odd

Point symmetry
about origin

c) $y = -4x^5 + 2x^2$

Neither

d) $y = x(2x+1)^2(x-4)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= x(4x^2 + 4x + 1)(x-4) \\ &= (4x^3 + 4x^2 + x)(x-4) \\ &= 4x^4 - 16x^3 + 4x^3 - 16x^2 + x^2 - 4x \\ &= 4x^4 - 12x^3 - 15x^2 - 4x \end{aligned}$$

Neither

e) $y = -2x^6 + x^4 + 8$

Even

Line symmetry about
the y -axis

2) State whether each function is even or odd. Verify algebraically.

a) $f(x) = x^4 - 13x^2 + 36$ Even

$$\begin{aligned} f(-x) &= (-x)^4 - 13(-x)^2 + 36 \\ &= (-1)^4 (x)^4 - 13(-1)^2 (x)^2 + 36 \\ &= x^4 - 13x^2 + 36 \end{aligned}$$

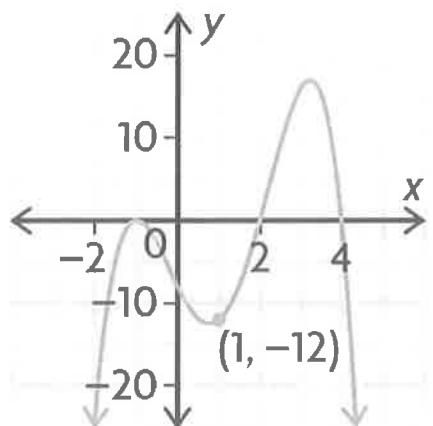
$\therefore f(x) = f(-x)$

b) $g(x) = 6x^5 - 7x^3 - 3x$ ODD

$$\begin{aligned} -g(x) &= -1[6x^5 - 7x^3 - 3x] \\ &= -6x^5 + 7x^3 + 3x \\ g(-x) &= 6(-x)^5 - 7(-x)^3 - 3(-x) \\ &= 6(-1)^5 (x)^5 - 7(-1)^3 (x)^3 - 3(-1)(x) \\ &= -6x^5 + 7x^3 + 3x \end{aligned}$$

3) Use the given graph to state:

a) x -intercepts -1 (order 2), 2 , and 4



b) number of turning points

3

c) least possible degree

4

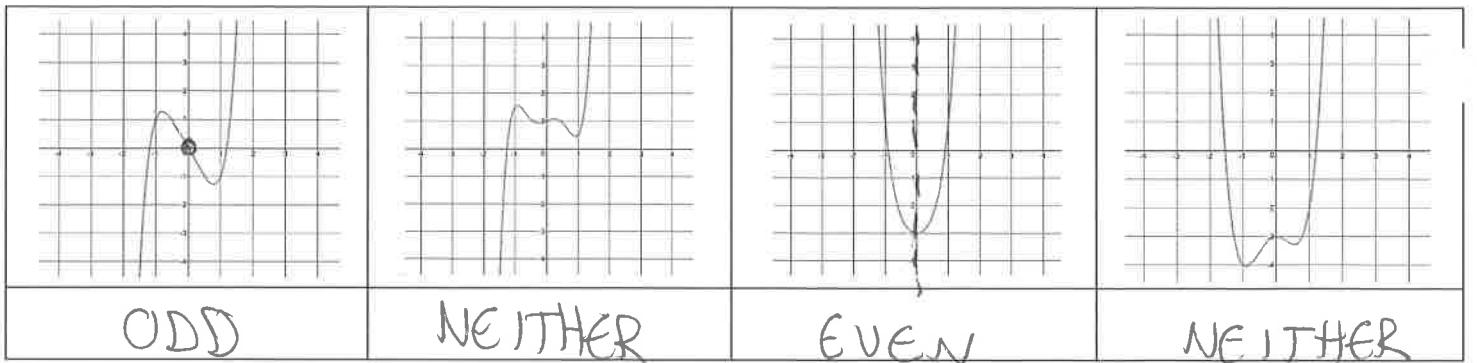
d) any symmetry present; even or odd function?

None, Neither

the intervals where $f(x) < 0$

$$f(x) < 0 \text{ when } x \in (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, 2) \cup (4, \infty)$$

4) Label each function as even, odd, or neither



ANSWER KEY

1) a) even, line symmetry about y -axis b) odd, point symmetry about origin c) neither

d) neither e) even, line symmetry about y -axis

2) a) even, $f(-x) = f(x)$ b) odd, $f(-x) = -f(x)$

3) a) -1 (order 2), 2, and 4 b) 3 c) 4 d) no symmetry, neither e) $X \in (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, 2) \cup (4, \infty)$

4) odd, neither, even, neither