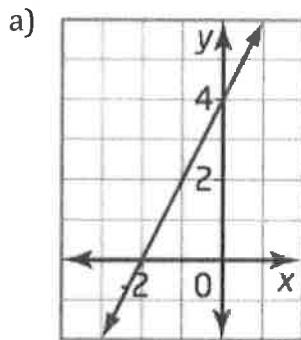


## 6.3 graphing using intercepts worksheet

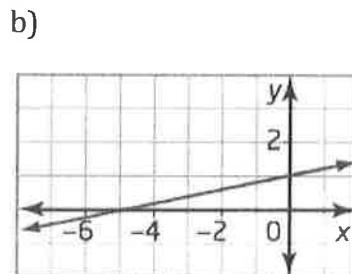
MPM1D

Jensen

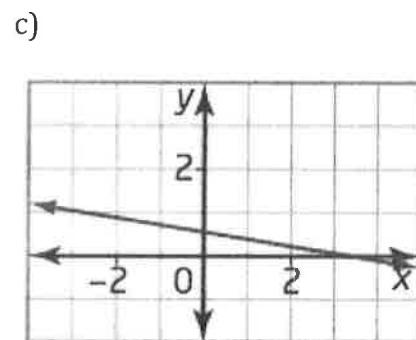
1. Identify the x- and y-intercepts of each graph, if they exist.



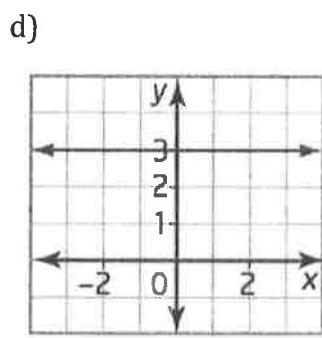
x-intercept:  $(-2, 0)$   
y-intercept:  $(0, 4)$



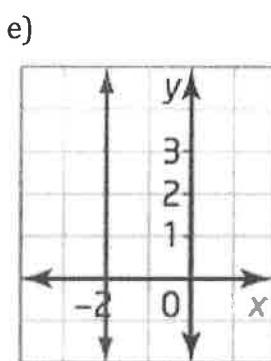
x-intercept:  $(-5, 0)$   
y-intercept:  $(0, 1)$



x-intercept:  $(3, 0)$   
y-intercept:  $(0, \frac{1}{2})$



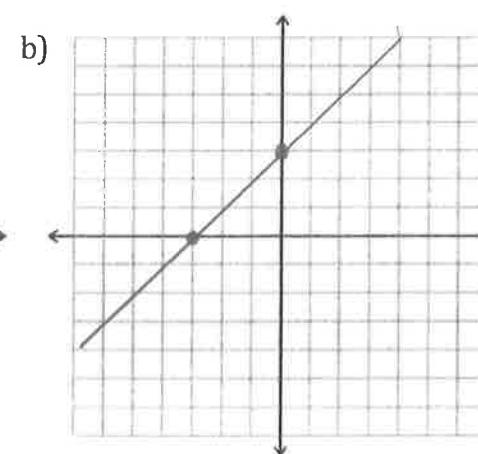
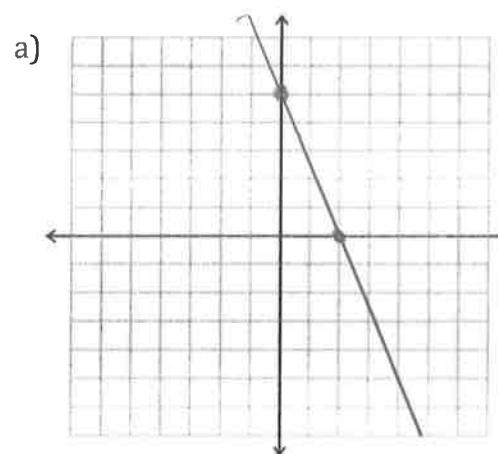
x-intercept: none  
y-intercept:  $(0, 3)$

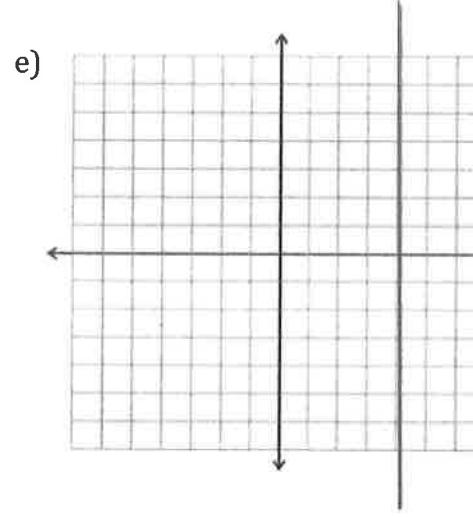
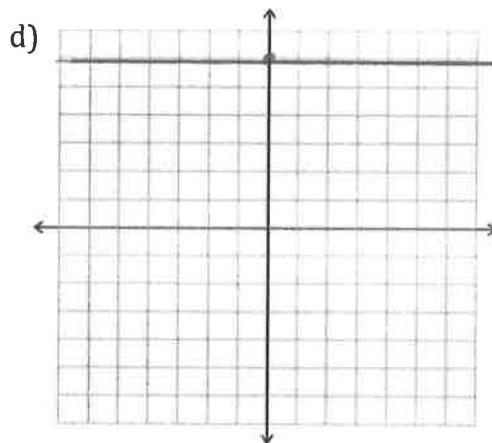
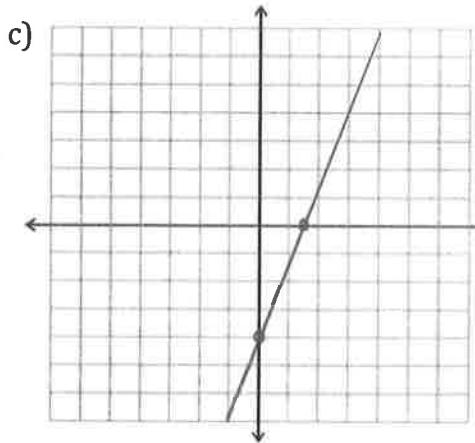


x-intercept:  $(-2, 0)$   
y-intercept: none

2. For each part, plot the intercepts and graph the line

	x-intercept	y-intercept
a)	2	5
b)	-3	3
c)	1.5	-4
d)	none	6
e)	4	none





3. Determine the x- and y-intercepts and use them to graph the line

a)  $2x + 3y = 12$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{x-int} \\ 2x + 3(0) = 12 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} 2x = 12 & (6, 0) \\ x = 6 & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{y-int} \\ 2(0) + 3y = 12 \\ 3y = 12 \\ y = 4 \end{array}$$

x-intercept: (6, 0)

y-intercept: (0, 4)

b)  $3x + y = 6$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{x-int} \\ 3x + (0) = 6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 3x = 6 \\ x = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{y-int} \\ 3(0) + y = 6 \\ y = 6 \end{array}$$

x-intercept: (2, 0)

y-intercept: (0, 6)

c)  $x - 4y = 4$

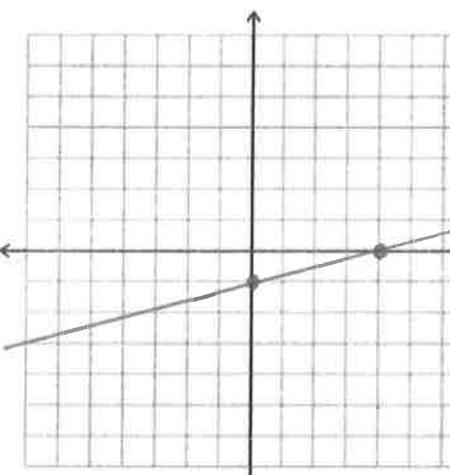
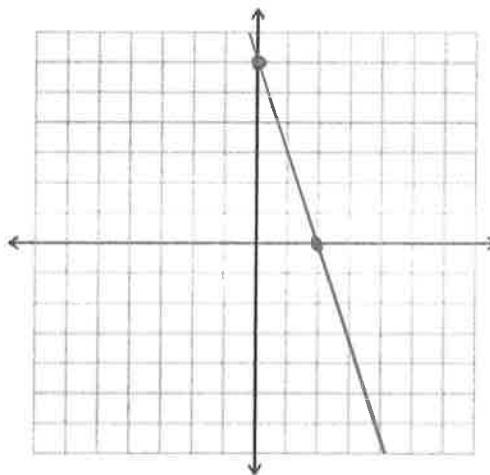
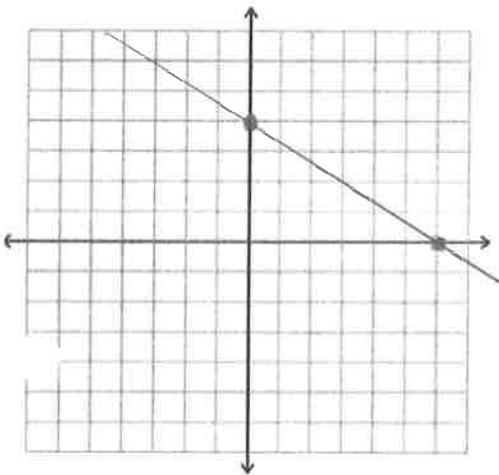
$$\begin{array}{l} \text{x-int} \\ x - 4(0) = 4 \end{array}$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{y-int} \\ (0) - 4y = 4 \\ -4y = 4 \\ y = -1 \end{array}$$

x-intercept: (4, 0)

y-intercept: (0, -1)

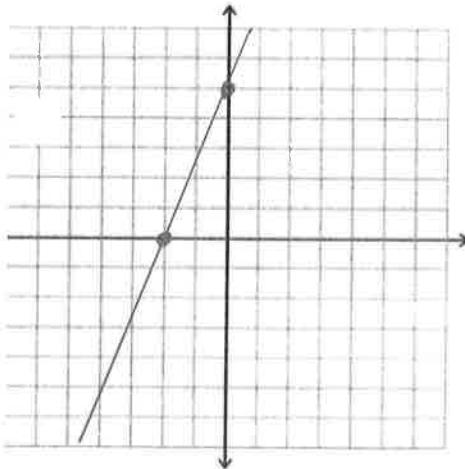


d)  $-5x + 2y = 10$

x-int  
 $-5x + 2(0) = 10$   
 $-5x = 10$   
 $x = -2$

y-int  
 $-5(0) + 2y = 10$   
 $2y = 10$   
 $y = 5$

x-intercept: (-2, 0)  
y-intercept: (0, 5)

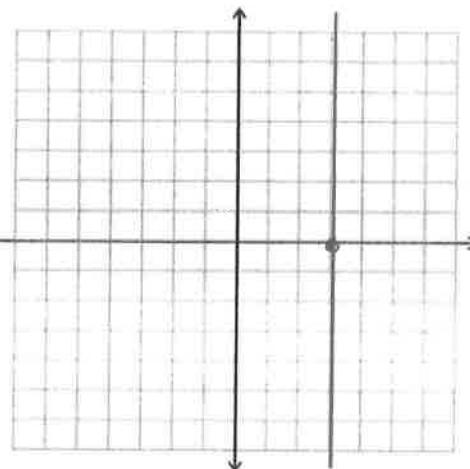


e)  $4x = 12$

x-int  
 $4x = 12$   
 $x = 3$

y-int  
none

x-intercept: (3, 0)  
y-intercept: none

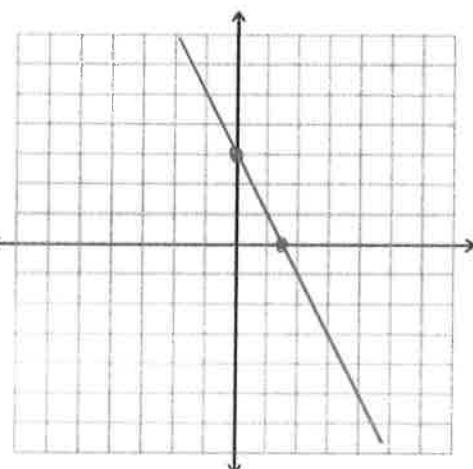


g)  $4x + 2y = 6$

x-int  
 $4x + 2(0) = 6$   
 $4x = 6$   
 $x = 1.5$

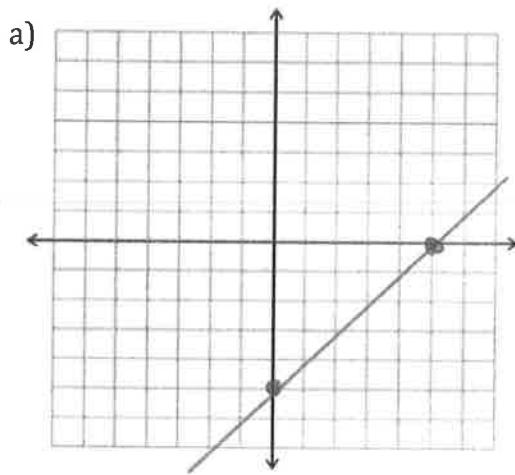
y-int  
 $4(0) + 2y = 6$   
 $2y = 6$   
 $y = 3$

x-intercept: (1.5, 0)  
y-intercept: (0, 3)

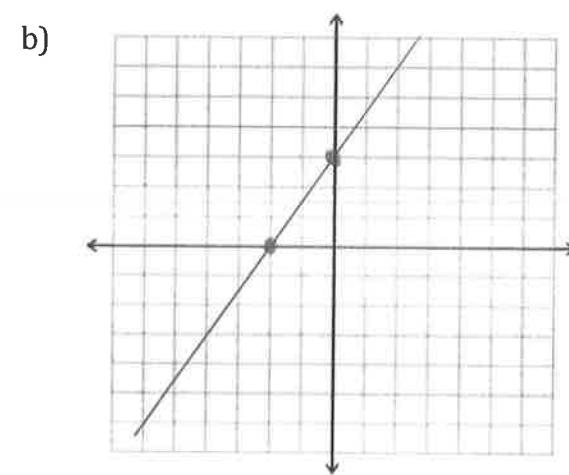


4. Draw a graph and determine the slope of each line using the rise and run from the graph.

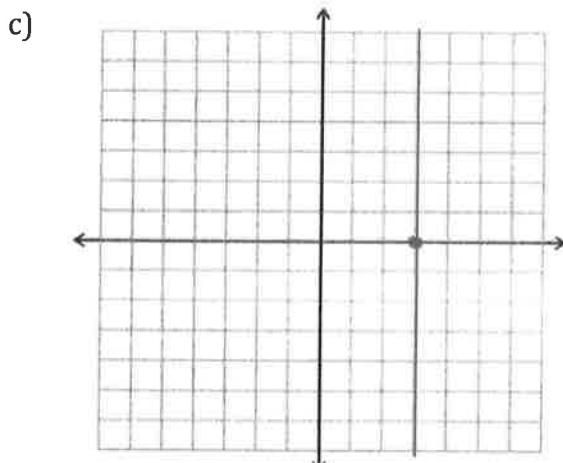
	x-intercept	y-intercept
a)	5	-5
b)	-2	3
c)	3	none
d)	2.5	-4



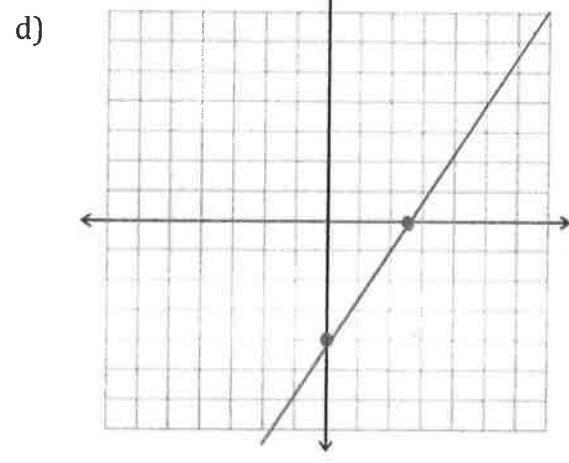
Slope:  $m = \frac{5}{5} = 1$



Slope:  $m = \frac{3}{2}$



Slope: undefined



Slope:  $m = \frac{4}{5} = \frac{8}{10}$

5. Find the slope of each line using the slope formula

	x-intercept	y-intercept
a)	6	5
b)	3	-4
c)	-6	3
d)	none	$\frac{1}{2}$

a)  $(x_1, y_1) (6, 0)$   $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$   
 $(0, 5)$   $\Rightarrow y_2 = 5$   $= \frac{5 - 0}{0 - 6}$   
 $\Rightarrow x_2 = 0$   $= \frac{5}{-6}$

Slope:  $m = -\frac{5}{6}$

b)  $(x_1, y_1)$

$(0, -4)$

$x_2 \ y_2$

c)  $(x_1, y_1)$

$(0, 3)$

$x_2 \ y_2$

d)

$y = \frac{1}{2}$  is a horizontal line.

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{-4 - 0}{0 - 3}$$

$$= \frac{-4}{-3}$$

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 0}{0 - (-6)}$$

$$= \frac{3}{6}$$

Slope:  $m = \frac{4}{3}$

Slope:  $m = \frac{1}{2}$

Slope:  $m = 0$

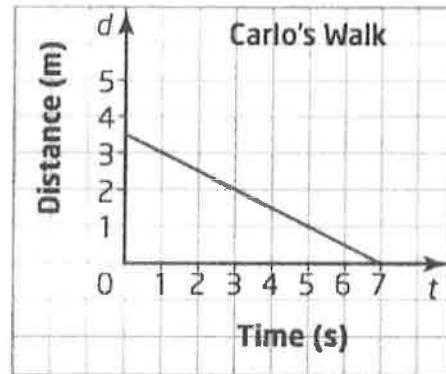
6. The distance time graph shows Carlo's motion in front of a sensor.

a) Identify the d-intercept and explain what it means

3.5. He started 3.5 m away from the sensor

b) Identify the t-intercept and explain what it means

7. It took Carlo 7 seconds to reach the sensor.



c) Describe the instructions you would give someone walking in front of a sensor to reproduce this graph

walk at a constant rate of 0.5m/s towards the sensor.

7. Consider the line  $x + 4y = -4$ . To graph this line, you could:

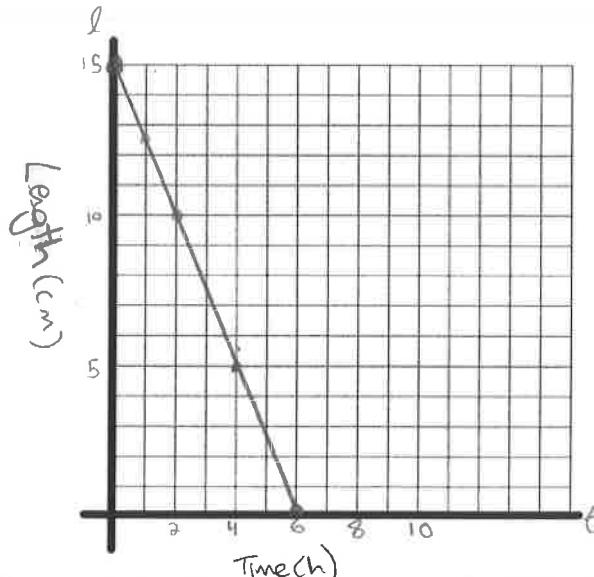
- determine the x- and y-intercepts
- create a table of values
- use the equation to find the coordinates of three points on the line

Which method of graphing do you prefer in this case? Explain.

X and y intercepts because it is not in slope y-intercept form.

8. A candle burns at a constant rate of 2.5 cm/h. The candle is 15 cm tall when it is first lit.

a) Set up a graph of length,  $l$ , in centimeters, versus time,  $t$ , in hours, and plot the  $l$ -intercept.



b) Should the slope of this linear relation be positive or negative? Explain.

negative because the length will decrease with time.

c) Graph the line

d) What is the length of the candle after 3 hours? 4.5 hours?

After 3 hours = 7.5 cm

After 4.5 hours = 3.75 cm

e) Identify the  $t$ -intercept and explain what it means.

$t=6$ , this is how long it takes the entire candle to burn.

f) Explain why this graph has no meaning below the  $t$ -intercept

The candle is gone.

11. When you buy a computer, its value depreciates (becomes less) over time. The graph illustrates the value of a computer from the time it was bought.

a) How much did the computer originally cost?

\$1000

b) After what period of time does the computer no longer have value?

5 years

c) What is the slope and what does it mean?

$m = -200$

The value decreases by \$200 each year.

