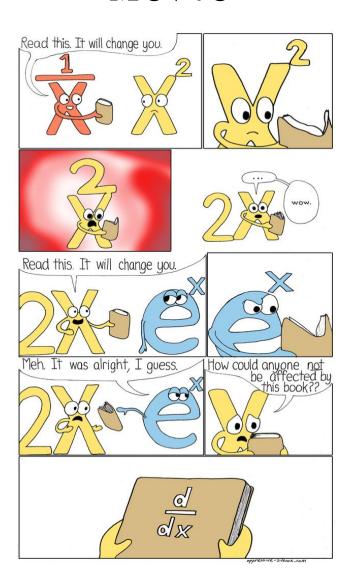
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# Unit 3 – Derivatives of Trig and Exponential Functions

## *WORKBOOK*

## MCV4U



- 1) Find the derivative with respect to x for each function.
- a)  $y = 4 \sin x$
- **b)**  $f(x) = -3\cos x$

c)  $y = \cos x - \sin x$ 

- **d)**  $y = x^2 3\sin x$  **e)**  $y = \cos x + 7\pi\sin x 3x$  **f)**  $f(x) = \frac{\pi}{4}\cos x \frac{\pi}{3}\sin x$

2) Find the equation of the line that is tangent to the function  $y = \cos x$  and passes through the point  $\left(\frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$ .

3) Find the equation of the line that is tangent to the function  $y=-4\sin x$  at  $x=\frac{\pi}{4}$ .

**4)** Determine an equation for the tangent to the function  $f(x) = \tan x$  at  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .

**5)** Find an equation of a line that is tangent to  $y = 2 \sin x$  and whose slope is a max value.

#### Answers:

1)a) 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4\cos x$$
 b)  $f'(x) = 3\sin x$  c)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\sin x - \cos x$  d)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x - 3\cos x$  e)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\sin x + 7\pi\cos x - 3$  f)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{\pi}{4}\sin x - \frac{\pi}{3}\cos x$ 

**2)** 
$$y = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x + \frac{\pi\sqrt{3}+3}{6}$$

3) 
$$y = -2\sqrt{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi}{2} - 2\sqrt{2}$$

**4)** 
$$y = 2x + 1 - \frac{\pi}{2}$$

**5)** y=2x; note: there are an infinite number of solutions. The slope is at a max value at any  $x=2k\pi$  where  $k\in\mathbb{Z}$ . Depending on which x value you choose, you will get a different y-int.

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1) Determine the derivative of each function.

$$a) y = \sin(4x)$$

$$\mathbf{b)}\,f(x)=\sin(2x+\pi)$$

c) 
$$y = -2\sin(3\theta)$$

$$\mathbf{d)} \ y = \sin^2 x$$

e) 
$$f(x) = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x$$

f) 
$$y = 3\sin^2(2t - 4) - 2\cos^2(3t + 1)$$

$$g) f(t) = \sin^2(\cos t)$$

$$h) f(x) = -x^2 \sin(3x - \pi)$$

$$\mathbf{i)}\,f(\theta) = \sin^2\theta\cos^2\theta$$

**j)** 
$$y = x^{-1} \cos^2 x$$

$$\mathbf{k)} \ y = 2 \tan x - \tan(2x)$$

$$1) y = (\tan x + \cos x)^2$$

2) Find the slope of the function  $y = 2 \cos x \sin(2x)$  at  $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .

**3)** Find the equation of the line that is tangent to  $y = x^2 \sin(2x)$  at  $x = -\pi$ .

**4)** Determine  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$  for  $y = x^2 \cos x$ .

**5)a)** Write  $y = \csc x$  in terms of  $\sin x$  as a reciprocal function.

**b)** Write the function in terms of a negative power of  $\sin x$ 

c) Use the power rule and chain rule to find the derivative of  $y = \csc x$ 

#### **Answers:**

**1)a)** 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4\cos(4x)$$
 **b)**  $f'(x) = 2\cos(2x + \pi)$  **c)**  $\frac{dy}{d\theta} = -6\cos(3\theta)$  **d)**  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2\sin x \cos x$ 

e) 
$$f'(x) = -2\sin(2x)$$
 f)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 12\sin(2t - 4)\cos(2t - 4) + 12\cos(3t - 1)\sin(3t - 1)$ 

g) 
$$f'(t) = -2\sin(\cos t)\cos(\cos t)\sin t$$
 h)  $f'(x) = -3x^2\cos(3x - \pi) - 2x\sin(3x - \pi)$ 

i) 
$$f'(\theta) = -2\sin^3\theta\cos\theta + 2\sin\theta\cos^3\theta$$
 j)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2}{x}\cos x\sin x - \frac{\cos^2x}{x^2}$ 

**k)** 
$$y' = 2 \sec^2 x - 2 \sec^2 (2x)$$
 **I)**  $y' = 2(\tan x + \cos x)(\sec^2 x - \sin x)$ 

**2)** 0

**3)** 
$$y = 2\pi^2 x + 2\pi^3$$

**4)** 
$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -x^2 \cos x - 4x \sin x + 2 \cos x$$

**5)a)** 
$$y = \frac{1}{\sin x}$$
 **b)**  $y = (\sin x)^{-1}$  **c)**  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\csc x \cot x$ 

1) Determine the derivative with respect to x for each function.

**a)** 
$$g(x) = 4^x$$

**b)** 
$$f(x) = 11^x$$

c) 
$$y = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$$

**d)** 
$$N(x) = -3e^x$$

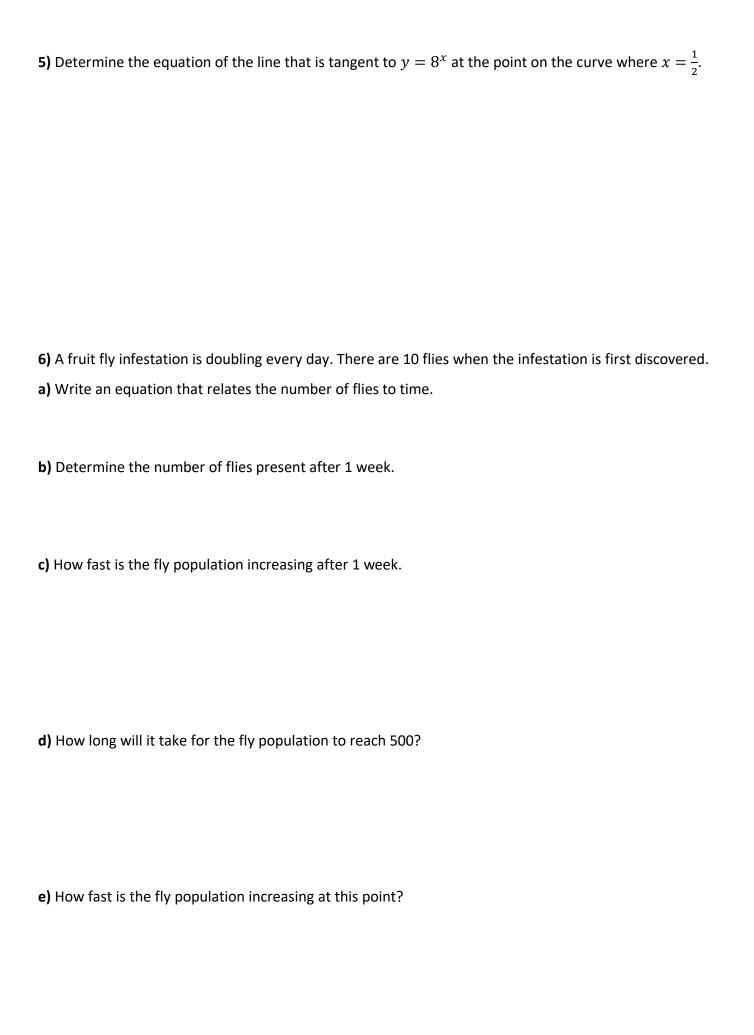
**e)** 
$$h(x) = e^x$$

$$f) y = \pi^x$$

2) Find the first, second, and third derivatives of the function  $f(x) = e^x$ 

**3)** Calculate the instantaneous rate of change of the function  $y = 5^x$  when x = 2.

**4)** Determine the slope of the graph of  $y = \frac{1}{2}e^x$  at x = 4.



- 7) Refer to question 6. At which point is the fly population increasing at a rate of
  - i) 20 flies per day?

ii) 2000 flies per day?

**8)** Determine the equation of the line perpendicular to the tangent line to the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}e^x$  at the point on the curve where  $x = \ln 3$ 

#### **Answers:**

**1)a)** 
$$g'(x) = 4^x (\ln 4)$$
 **b)**  $f'(x) = 11^x (\ln 11)$  **c)**  $y' = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x \left(\ln \frac{1}{2}\right)$  **d)**  $N'(x) = -3e^x$  **e)**  $h'(x) = e^x$  **f)**  $y' = \pi^x (\ln \pi)$ 

- **2)**  $f'(x) = f''(x) = f'''(x) = e^x$
- **3)** 40.2
- **4)** 27.3
- **5)**  $y = 6\sqrt{2}(\ln 2)x + \sqrt{2}(2 3\ln 2)$
- **6)a)**  $N(t) = 10(2)^t$  **b)** 1280 **c)** 887 flies/day **d)** 5.64 days **e)** 346 flies/day
- **7)i)** 1.53 days **ii)** 8.17 days
- 8)  $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}\ln 3 + \frac{3}{2}$

### W4 - Differentiation Rules for Exponential Functions

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- **1)a)** Rewrite the function  $y = b^x$  with base e.
- **b)** Find the derivative of your function in part a) and simplify.

**2)** Differentiate with respect to x.

a) 
$$y = e^{-3x}$$

**b)** 
$$f(x) = e^{4x-5}$$

c) 
$$y = e^{2x} - e^{-2x}$$

**d)** 
$$y = 2^x + 3^x$$

**e)** 
$$f(x) = 3e^{2x} - 2^{3x}$$

$$f) y = 4xe^x$$

**g)** 
$$y = 5^x e^{-x}$$

**h)** 
$$f(x) = xe^{2x} + 2e^{-3x}$$

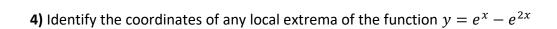
**3)** Determine the derivative with respect to x for each function.

$$a) y = e^{-x} \sin x$$

$$b) y = e^{\cos x}$$

c) 
$$f(x) = e^{2x}(x^2 - 3x + 2)$$

$$d) g(x) = 2x^2 e^{\cos(2x)}$$



**5)** Find an equation for the tangent to the curve 
$$y = 2e^{2x} + 2x + 1$$
 when  $x = 0$ .

**6)** Find the equation of the tangent to 
$$y = x \ln x$$
 that is parallel to  $y = 3x + 7$ .

7) Find all local extrema for $y = \frac{1}{2}x(2)^{3x+1}$ .
8) Continuous growth or decay follows the formula $A=ce^{kt}$ , where $c$ is the initial amount, and $k$ is a rate factor. The mass of a radioactive substance is 1000 g on day 1, and only 100 g after 100 days. Find
a) k, then write the equation with c and k
<b>b)</b> the half-life,
the nan me,
h) the amount that remains after 200 days, and
b) the amount that remains after 300 days, and
c) the rate of decay after 50 days.

#### **Answers:**

**d)**  $A'(50) \approx -7.3g/day$ 

1)a) 
$$y = e^{x \ln b}$$
 b)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = (e^{x \ln b}) \ln b$   
2)a)  $y' = -3e^{-3x}$  b)  $f'(x) = 4e^{4x-5}$  c)  $y' = 2(e^{2x} + e^{-2x})$  d)  $y' = 2^x (\ln 2) + 3^x (\ln 3)$   
e)  $f'(x) = 6e^{2x} - 3(2^{3x}) \ln 2$  f)  $y' = 4xe^x + 4e^x$  g)  $y' = -(5^x)(e^{-x})(1 - \ln 5)$  h)  $f'(x) = e^{2x}(2x + 1 - 6e^{-5x})$   
3)a)  $y' = e^{-x}(\cos x - \sin x)$  b)  $y' = -\sin x (e^{\cos x})$  c)  $f'(x) = e^{2x}(2x^2 - 4x + 1)$  d)  $g'(x) = -4xe^{\cos(2x)}[x\sin(2x) - 1]$   
4) local max of  $y = 0.25$  when  $x = \ln(0.5)$   
5)  $y = 6x + 3$   
6)  $y = 3x - e^2$   
7) CN ~ -0.48, so the point (-0.48,-0.18) is a local minimum  
8)a)  $k^x - 0.023$ , so the formula is  $A = 1000e^{-0.023t}$   
b)  $t^x - 30$  days  
c)  $A(300) \approx 1g$ 

## W5- Implicit Differentiation and Derivatives of Log Functions

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1) For each problem, use implicit differentiation to find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  in terms of x and y.

a) 
$$2x^3 = 2y^2 + 5$$

**b)** 
$$5y^2 = 2x^3 - 5y$$

c) 
$$5x^3 = -3xy + 2$$

**d)** 
$$2x^3 = (3xy + 1)^2$$

**e)** 
$$x^3 - 3x^2y + 4xy^2 = 12$$

$$f) 4 \sin(2y) \cos x = 2$$

$$g) y^2 = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 + 4}$$

**2)** Find the equation of the tangent line to  $(x + y)^3 = x^3 + y^3$  at the point (-1,1).

3) Differentiate each of the following with respect to x.

$$a) y = \frac{\ln x}{2x+3}$$

$$\mathbf{b)}\,f(x)=e^{x^7}$$

c) 
$$f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{x^2+1}{x^3-x}\right)$$

$$d) y = \log_2(4x^2)$$

**Answers:** 

1)a) 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3x^2}{2y}$$
 b)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{6x^2}{10y+5}$  c)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-y-5x^2}{x}$  d)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-3y^2x-y+x^2}{3x^2y+x}$  e)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{6xy-3x^2-4y^2}{8xy-3x^2}$  f)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\sin(2y)\sin x}{2\cos(2y)\cos x}$ 

$$\mathbf{g)}\,\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{8x}{y(x^2+4)^2}$$

$$2) y = -x$$

2) 
$$y = -x$$
  
3)a)  $y' = \frac{2x+3-2x\ln x}{x(2x+3)^2}$  b)  $f'(x) = 7x^6 e^{x^7}$  c)  $f'(x) = \frac{2x}{x^2+1} - \frac{3x^2-1}{x^3-x}$  d)  $y' = \frac{2}{x\ln 2}$ 

Jensen

- 1) A 100-mg sample of thorium-233 (Th-233) is placed into a nuclear reactor. After 10 min, the sample has decayed to 73 mg. Use the equation  $N(t) = N_0 e^{-\lambda t}$  to answer the following questions:
- a) Determine the disintegration constant  $\lambda$  for Th-233.

b) Determine the half-life of Th-233

c) Write the equation that gives the amount of Th-233 remaining as a function of time, in terms of half-life.

d) How fast is the sample decaying after 5 min?

2) Radon-222 (Rn-222) is a radioactive element that spontaneously decays into polonium-218 (F	o-218) with a
half-life of 3.8 days. The atoms of these two substances have approximately the same mass. Sup	pose that the
initial sample of radon has a mass of 100 mg.	
	+

The mass of radon, in milligrams, as a function of time is given by the function  $M_{Rn}(t) = M_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{3.8}}$ , where  $M_0$  is the initial mass of radon and  $M_{Rn}$  is the mass of radon after time t, in days.

- a) How much radon will remain after
- i) 1 day?

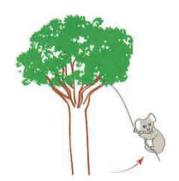
ii) 1 week?

b) At what rate is the radon decaying at each of these times?

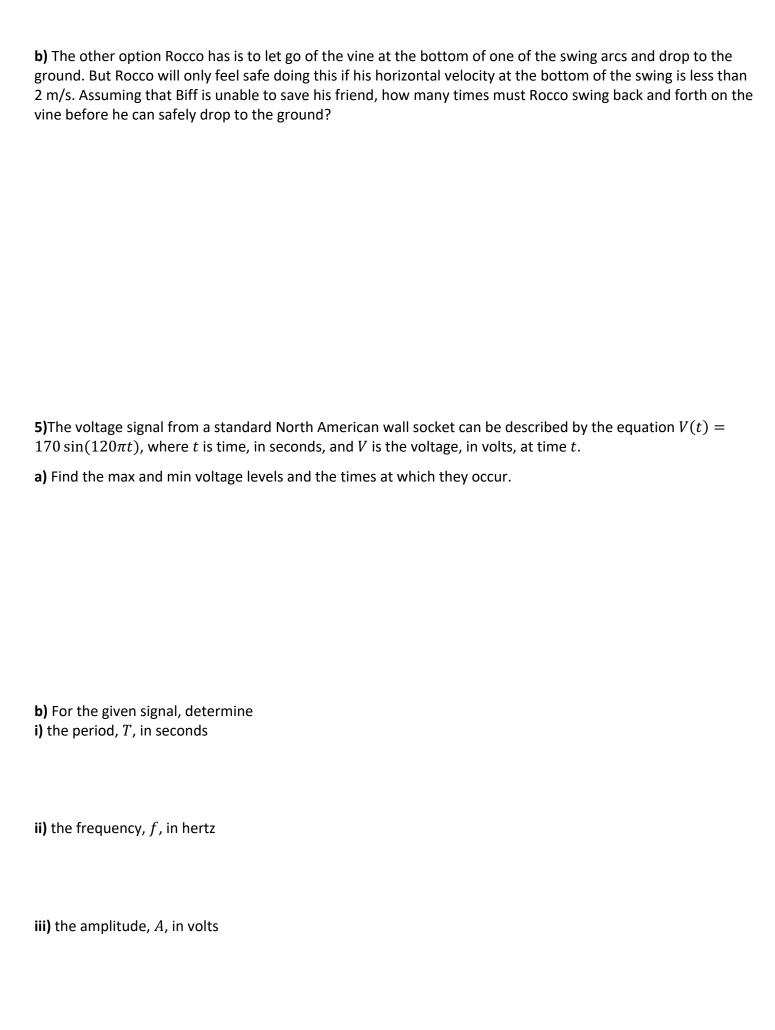
c) How long will it take for a sample of radon to decay to 25% of its initial mass?

**3)** Consider a car shock absorber modelled by the equation  $h(t) = e^{-0.5t} \sin t$ , where h(t) represents the vertical displacement, in meters, as a function of time, t, in seconds. Determine when the maximum vertical velocity, in m/s, occurs and its value, given that v(t) = h'(t).

**4)** Rocco and Biff are two koala bears that are foraging for food together in a eucalyptus tree. Suddenly, a gust of wind causes Rocco to lose his grip and begin to fall. He quickly grabs a nearby vine and begins to swing away from the tree. Rocco's horizontal displacement as a function of time is given by the equation  $x(t) = 5\cos\left(\frac{\pi t}{2}\right)e^{-0.1t}$  where x is Rocco's horizontal displacement from the bottom of his swing arc, in meters, at time t, in seconds.

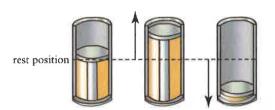


**a)** Biff can grab Rocco if Rocco swings back to within 1 meter from where he started falling. Will Biff be able to rescue Rocco? Explain, using mathematical reasoning.



6) Consider a simple pendulum that has a length of 50 cm and a max horizontal displacement of 8 cm a) Find the period of the pendulum.
<b>b)</b> Determine a function that gives the horizontal position of the bob as a function of time.
c) Determine a function that gives the velocity of the bob as a function of time.
<b>d)</b> Determine a function that gives the acceleration of the bob as a function of time.
e) Find the max velocity of the bob and the time at which it first occurs.

7) A piston in an engine oscillates up and down from a rest position as shown. The motion of this piston can be approximated by the function  $h(t)=0.05\cos(13t)$ , where t is time, in seconds, and h is the displacement of the piston head from rest position, in meters, at time t.



a) Determine an equation for the velocity of the piston head as a function of time.

**b)** Find the max and min velocities and the times at which they occur.

#### **Answers:**

**1)a)** 0.031/min **b)** 22 min **c)** 
$$N(t) = 100 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{t}{22}}$$
 **d)** -2.65 mg/min

3) 
$$t = 0$$
 s,  $v = 1$  m/s

**4)a)** He will NOT be able to rescue Rocco. **b)** He must swing back and forth 3.75 times before he can safely drop to the ground.

5) a) max voltage: 170 V at times 
$$t$$
, in seconds,  $t=\left\{\frac{4k+1}{240},k\in\mathbb{Z},k\geq0\right\}$  min voltage:  $-170$  V at times  $t$ , in seconds,  $t=\left\{\frac{4k+3}{240},k\in\mathbb{Z},k\geq0\right\}$ 

**b)i)** 
$$T = \frac{1}{60}$$
 s **ii)**  $f = 60$  Hz **iii)**  $A = 170$  V

**6)a)** 1.42 s **b)** 
$$h(t) = 8\cos(4.43t)$$
 **c)**  $v(t) = -35.44\sin(4.43t)$  **d)**  $a(t) = -157\cos(4.43t)$ 

e) max velocity: 35.4 cm/s at time t = 1.06 s

**7) a)** 
$$v(t) = -0.65 \sin(13t)$$
 **b)** max velocity: 0.65 m/s at  $t = \left\{\frac{(4k+3)\pi}{26}, k \in \mathbb{Z}, k \ge 0\right\}$ ; min velocity: -0.65 m/s at  $t = \left\{\frac{(4k+1)\pi}{26}, k \in \mathbb{Z}, k \ge 0\right\}$