

## W3 – 4.5 Double Angle Formulas

MHF4U

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## SOLUTIONS

1) Express each of the following as a single trig ratio.

a)  $2 \sin(5x) \cos(5x)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sin[2(5x)] \\ &= \sin(10x) \end{aligned}$$

b)  $\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta$

$$= \cos(2\theta)$$

c)  $1 - 2 \sin^2(3x)$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \cos[2(3x)] \\ &= \cos(6x) \end{aligned}$$

d)  $\frac{2 \tan(4x)}{1 - \tan^2(4x)}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \tan[2(4x)] \\ &= \tan(8x) \end{aligned}$$

e)  $4 \sin \theta \cos \theta$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2(2 \sin \theta \cos \theta) \\ &= 2 \sin(2\theta) \end{aligned}$$

f)  $2 \cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2} - 1$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \cos[2(\frac{\theta}{2})] \\ &= \cos \theta \end{aligned}$$

2) Express each of the following as a single trig ratio and then evaluate

a)  $2 \sin 45^\circ \cos 45^\circ$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sin(2 \times 45^\circ) \\ &= \sin 90^\circ \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

b)  $\cos^2 30^\circ - \sin^2 30^\circ$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \cos(2 \times 30^\circ) \\ &= \cos 60^\circ \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

c)  $2 \sin \frac{\pi}{12} \cos \frac{\pi}{12}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \sin[2(\frac{\pi}{12})] \\ &= \sin(\frac{\pi}{6}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned}$$

d)  $\cos^2 \frac{\pi}{12} - \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{12}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \cos[2(\frac{\pi}{12})] \\ &= \cos(\frac{\pi}{6}) \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{aligned}$$

e)  $1 - 2 \sin^2 \frac{3\pi}{8}$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \cos[2(\frac{3\pi}{8})] \\ &= \cos(\frac{3\pi}{4}) \\ &= -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

f)  $2 \tan 60^\circ \cos^2 60^\circ$

$$= 2 \left( \frac{\sin 60^\circ}{\cos 60^\circ} \right) \cos^2 60^\circ$$

$$= 2 \sin 60^\circ \cos 60^\circ$$

$$= \sin[2(60^\circ)]$$

$$= \sin 120^\circ$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

3) Use a double angle formula to rewrite each trig ratio

a)  $\sin(4\theta) = \sin[2(2\theta)]$

$$= 2 \sin(2\theta) \cos(2\theta)$$

b)  $\cos(3x) = \cos[2(\frac{3x}{2})]$

$$= 2 \cos^2(\frac{3x}{2}) - 1$$

c)  $\tan x = \tan[2(\frac{x}{2})]$

$$= \frac{2 \tan(\frac{x}{2})}{1 - \tan^2(\frac{x}{2})}$$

d)  $\cos(6\theta) = \cos[2(3\theta)]$

$$= \cos^2(3\theta) - \sin^2(3\theta)$$

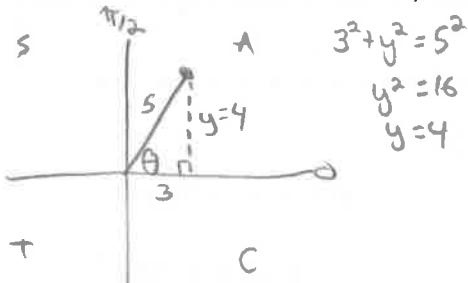
e)  $\sin x = \sin[2(\frac{x}{2})]$

$$= 2 \sin(\frac{x}{2}) \cos(\frac{x}{2})$$

f)  $\tan(5\theta) = \tan[2(\frac{5\theta}{2})]$

$$= \frac{2 \tan(\frac{5\theta}{2})}{1 - \tan^2(\frac{5\theta}{2})}$$

4) Determine the values of  $\sin 2\theta$ ,  $\cos 2\theta$ , and  $\tan 2\theta$ , given  $\cos \theta = \frac{3}{5}$  and  $0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$



$$\begin{aligned} 3^2 + y^2 &= 5^2 \\ y^2 &= 16 \\ y &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(2\theta) &= 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \\ &= 2 \left(\frac{4}{5}\right) \left(\frac{3}{5}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{24}{25}$$

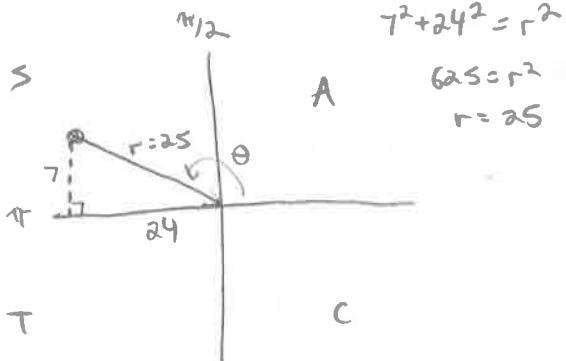
$$\tan(2\theta) = \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{\cos(2\theta)}$$

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{24}{25}\right)}{\left(-\frac{7}{25}\right)}$$

$$= -\frac{24}{7}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos(2\theta) &= \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \\ &= \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 \\ &= \frac{9}{25} - \frac{16}{25} \\ &= -\frac{7}{25} \end{aligned}$$

5) Determine the values of  $\sin 2\theta$ ,  $\cos 2\theta$ , and  $\tan 2\theta$ , given  $\tan \theta = -\frac{7}{24}$  and  $\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq \pi$



$$\begin{aligned} 7^2 + 24^2 &= r^2 \\ 625 &= r^2 \\ r &= 25 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin(2\theta) = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 2 \left(\frac{7}{25}\right) \left(-\frac{24}{25}\right) \\ &= -\frac{336}{625} \end{aligned}$$

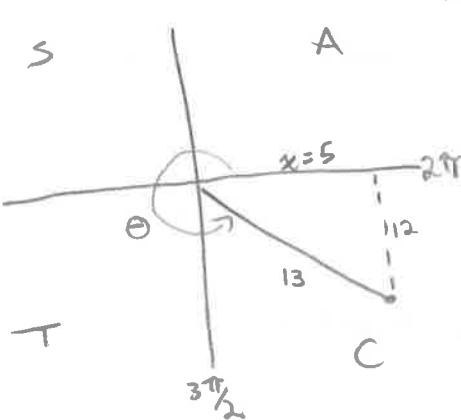
$$\tan(2\theta) = \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{\cos(2\theta)}$$

$$= \frac{\left(-\frac{336}{625}\right)}{\left(\frac{527}{625}\right)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos(2\theta) &= \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \\ &= \left(-\frac{24}{25}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{7}{25}\right)^2 \\ &= \frac{576}{625} - \frac{49}{625} \\ &= \frac{527}{625} \end{aligned}$$

$$= -\frac{336}{527}$$

6) Determine the values of  $\sin 2\theta$ ,  $\cos 2\theta$ , and  $\tan 2\theta$ , given  $\sin \theta = -\frac{12}{13}$  and  $\frac{3\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$



$$\begin{aligned} x^2 + 12^2 &= 13^2 \\ x^2 &= 25 \\ x &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin(2\theta) = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$= 2 \left(-\frac{12}{13}\right) \left(\frac{5}{13}\right)$$

$$\tan(2\theta) = \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{\cos(2\theta)}$$

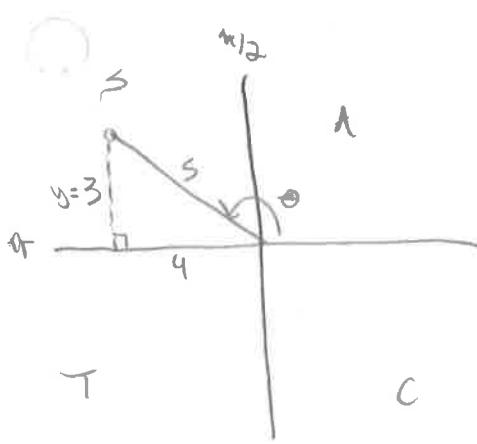
$$= \frac{\left(-\frac{12}{13}\right)}{\left(-\frac{119}{169}\right)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos(2\theta) &= \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \\ &= \left(\frac{5}{13}\right)^2 - \left(-\frac{12}{13}\right)^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{25}{169} - \frac{144}{169}$$

$$= -\frac{119}{169}$$

7) Determine the values of  $\sin 2\theta$ ,  $\cos 2\theta$ , and  $\tan 2\theta$ , given  $\cos \theta = -\frac{4}{5}$  and  $\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \theta \leq \pi$



$$y^2 + y^2 = s^2 \\ y^2 = 9 \\ y = 3$$

$$\sin(2\theta) = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \\ = 2 \left(\frac{3}{5}\right) \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right) \\ = -\frac{24}{25}$$

$$\tan(2\theta) = \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{\cos(2\theta)} \\ = \frac{\left(-\frac{24}{25}\right)}{\left(\frac{7}{25}\right)} \\ = -\frac{24}{7}$$

$$\cos(2\theta) = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \\ = \left(-\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2 \\ = \frac{16}{25} - \frac{9}{25} \\ = \frac{7}{25}$$

8) Determine the value of  $a$  in the equation  $2 \tan x - \tan(2x) + 2a = 1 - \tan(2x) \tan^2 x$

$$2 \tan x = \tan(2x) [1 - \tan^2 x] - 2a + 1 \\ \frac{2 \tan x}{1 - \tan^2 x} = \frac{\tan(2x) [1 - \tan^2 x]}{1 - \tan^2 x} - \frac{2a + 1}{1 - \tan^2 x}$$

$$\tan(2x) = \tan(2x) + \frac{-2a + 1}{1 - \tan^2 x}$$

$$0 = -2a + 1$$

$$-1 = -2a$$

$$a = \frac{1}{2}$$

### Answer Key

1)a)  $\sin(10x)$  b)  $\cos(2\theta)$  c)  $\cos(6x)$  d)  $\tan(8x)$  e)  $2 \sin(2\theta)$  f)  $\cos \theta$

2)a)  $\sin 90^\circ; 1$  b)  $\cos 60^\circ; \frac{1}{2}$  c)  $\sin \frac{\pi}{6}; \frac{1}{2}$  d)  $\cos \frac{\pi}{6}; \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$  e)  $\cos \frac{3\pi}{4}; -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$  f)  $\sin 120^\circ; \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

3)a)  $2 \sin(2\theta) \cos(2\theta)$  b)  $2 \sin^2(1.5x) - 1$  c)  $\frac{2 \tan(0.5x)}{1 - \tan^2(0.5x)}$  d)  $\cos^2(3\theta) - \sin^2(3\theta)$  e)  $2 \sin(0.5x) \cos(0.5x)$  f)  $\frac{2 \tan(2.5\theta)}{1 - \tan^2(2.5\theta)}$

4)  $\sin(2\theta) = \frac{24}{25}, \cos(2\theta) = -\frac{7}{25}, \tan(2\theta) = -\frac{24}{7}$

5)  $\sin(2\theta) = -\frac{336}{625}, \cos(2\theta) = \frac{527}{625}, \tan(2\theta) = -\frac{336}{527}$

$\sin(2\theta) = -\frac{120}{169}, \cos(2\theta) = -\frac{119}{169}, \tan(2\theta) = \frac{120}{119}$

7)  $\sin(2\theta) = -\frac{24}{25}, \cos(2\theta) = \frac{7}{25}, \tan(2\theta) = -\frac{24}{7}$

8)  $a = \frac{1}{2}$